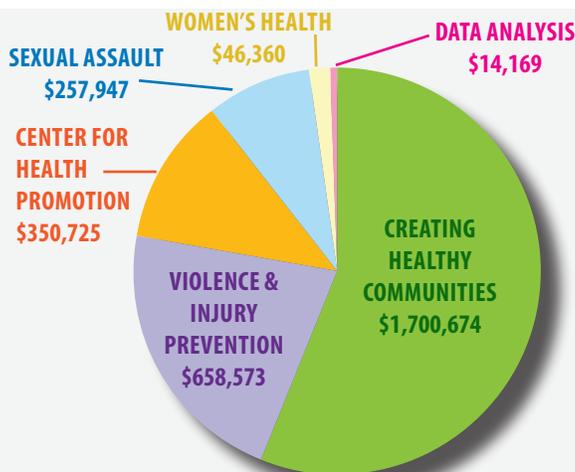


**PREVENTIVE HEALTH
AND HEALTH
SERVICES BLOCK
GRANT (PHHSBG)
A CRITICAL PUBLIC
HEALTH RESOURCE
FOR OHIO**

PRESERVE THE BLOCK GRANT

The President's FY 2013 budget request eliminates the PHHSBG, a CDC grant that provides \$3 million in funding to Ohio to allow the state to address vital health needs in innovative and locally defined ways. Loss of this funding will leave the state unable to address these critical issues and will result in the elimination of several important programs that are vital to the health of Ohioans.



HOW DOES THE PHHSBG PROTECT AND PROMOTE HEALTH IN OHIO?

The PHHSBG provides the flexibility to target emerging needs in Ohio. With these funds, the public health system in Ohio can continue to:

- Reduce the incidence of chronic disease and obesity
- Reduce the burden of injury and violence
- Prevent sexual assault and provide survivor services

PREVENTION IS THE MOST COST-EFFECTIVE WAY OF REDUCING OVERALL HEALTH CARE COSTS IN THE FUTURE

An investment of \$10 per person per year in proven community-based programs to increase physical activity, improve nutrition, reduce injury and prevent tobacco use and exposure can save Ohio more than \$685 million annually, including \$185 million to Ohio Medicaid, within five years.¹

\$10
INVESTMENT
per person

SAVES OHIO
\$685 M
ANNUALLY

This is a return of \$6 for every \$1.

Obesity and chronic disease are the most common causes of death and disability in Ohio, with an economic impact of approximately \$56.8 billion per year.²

CREATING HEALTHY COMMUNITIES PROGRAM (CHC)

www.healthyohioprogram.org/createcomm/chcsuccess.aspx

GOAL: To reduce levels of obesity and chronic disease in Ohio by mobilizing stakeholders at the county level to strengthen communities to better support healthy living.

INTERVENTION: Funds 16 high-risk counties to address the risk factors of poor nutrition, tobacco use and sedentary lifestyle in schools, worksites, health care and community settings.

PROGRAM IMPACT: Since 2009, CHC counties have been responsible for the enactment of 223 policies and 886 environment and system changes, impacting almost 5 million high-need Ohioans. To improve access to healthy food options, CHC facilitated the establishment of more than 150 farmer's markets throughout Ohio.

Injury and violence are the third-leading cause of death in Ohio. Fatal injuries, including prescription drug overdose, cost Ohioans more than \$14 billion a year.³

VIOLENCE AND INJURY PREVENTION PROGRAM (VIPP)

www.healthyohioprogram.org/vipp/injury.aspx

GOAL: To help every Ohioan live his or her life to its fullest potential by reducing death and disability associated with violence and injury.

INTERVENTION: Funds 9 high-risk counties to develop comprehensive, population-based programs to address prescription drug overdose, falls among older adults or child injury.

PROGRAM IMPACT: In 2011, VIPP-funded counties trained more than 6,000 Ohioans in evidence-based injury prevention interventions, implemented over 1,000 environmental assessments and modifications and adopted 7 new policies to make Ohio communities safer. VIPP interventions impact 2.8 million Ohioans annually.

Ohio ranks 16th nationally in forcible rapes of adult woman. 1 out of every 7 women, or nearly 635,000 women in Ohio, is a survivor of rape in her lifetime.⁴

SEXUAL ASSAULT AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PREVENTION (SADVP)

www.odh.ohio.gov/odhprograms/hpr/sadv/sadv1.aspx

GOAL: To reduce the incidence of rape and other forms of sexual assault through prevention programs and to ensure survivors of sexual assault have access to comprehensive, quality services.

INTERVENTION: Supports funding to 17 local programs to address sexual violence prevention and administer local rape crisis hotlines.

PROGRAM IMPACT: In 2011, the SADVP provided crisis services to more than 4,000 survivors of sexual violence and trained more than 4,500 individuals in providing appropriate and coordinated services to sexual assault survivors. SADVP interventions impact nearly 250,000 Ohioans annually.